State of New Illinois NOTICE TO ALL ILLINOISANS!

Grievance 2

January 19, 2021

Introduction

New Illinois is a new state in development exercising its Constitutional Right to form from the State of Illinois. The process to form New Illinois is authorized and codified in Article IV, Section 3 of the United States Constitution (the Admissions Clause).

The United States Constitution, Article IV Section 3 states:

New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new States shall be formed or erected within the Jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the Junction of two or more States, or parts of States, without the Consent of the Legislatures of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

Excerpts From the New Illinois Declaration of Independence October 17, 2020:

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all Men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty, Property, and the pursuit of Happiness.

To secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.

Whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or abolish it, and to institute new Government...

...there has been a long train of abuses and acts to seize and hold the People's power without legal authority. When such efforts clearly demonstrate a design to reduce them under absolute

Despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such Government, and to provide new Protections for their future security.

The history of the present Governor, other recent Governors, and the Government of Illinois, is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having the direct objective of establishing a Tyranny over the Counties of New Illinois and the State of Illinois.

The government of the State of Illinois has become destructive of these ends by violating the People's unalienable Rights and by ceasing to derive their just powers from the consent of the governed. It is the right of the People to seek a constitutional remedy to the abuse of powers.

Statement of Intent

The Citizens of New Illinois have decided to remedy the abuse of power by the government of Illinois by exercising their right to form a new state, as provided in the United States Constitution, Article IV Sections 3. We are determined to live under a state government in the United States of America and under the Constitution of the United States.

Therefore, the counties of New Illinois bring forward 40 grievances against the government of Illinois to be announced in public in the various counties over the next 40 weeks.

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Declaration of Grievance

The United States Constitution, Article IV Section 4 states in part:

The United States shall guarantee to every state in this union a Republican Form of Government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.

The Illinois Constitution Bill of Rights, Article I, Section 1 declares that:

All men are by nature free and independent and have certain inherent and inalienable rights among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. To secure these rights and the protection of property, governments are instituted among men, <u>deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.</u>

Failure of the Government of Illinois to provide a Republican Form of Government

A Republican Form of Government is government of the people, by the people, and for the people. In a republic, the will of the people is expressed through their votes.

Voting in a free and fair election is a basic civil right. Election integrity is essential for representative government to exist.

Any form of voter or election fraud dilutes the authentic voice of the people. With election fraud, government of the people becomes an illusion.

In 1974 the US Supreme Court upheld convictions for ballot box stuffing. The Court stated that every voter has "a right under the Constitution to have his vote fairly counted, without being distorted by fraudulently cast votes" (*Anderson v. United States*, 1974).

Tragically, Illinois has a decades-long history of such distortion. "Illinois" has become a byword for election fraud and dead voters. Because of this, the incompetent and corrupt government of the State of Illinois has failed to provide the people with representative government.

Between 2002 and 2018, there were 52 convictions for voter fraud in the State of Illinois. This number only represents those caught and convicted. In most cases, sentences were mild and included no jail time. Offenses included

- Ineligible voting
- Ballot petition fraud
- Duplicate voting
- False registrations (such as using a vacant lot for an address, registering in a city where one does not live, or registering dozens of people as living in the same house)
- Fraudulent use of absentee ballots
- Felony forgery and perjury (such as providing phony signatures of dead people)
- Buying votes, and
- Conspiracy to commit election fraud.

Election fraud has a greater impact than voter fraud, because it is more organized, large scale cheating. It involves candidates, campaigns or parties illegally influencing an election. Methods include

- Ballot stuffing
- Manipulating results
- Bribery
- Intimidation, and
- Forgery

It has long been rumored that in 1960 Mayor Richard J. Daley used his political machine to stuff the ballot box in Chicago and deliver Illinois' electoral votes for President Kennedy. While this was never proven, 680 people in Cook County were charged with election fraud at that time. Three went to jail, and 677 were acquitted by a judge who was a Daley crony.

Following the 1982 Illinois governor's election, Chicago was the site of the largest voter fraud case in the history of the U.S. Department of Justice. The U.S. Attorney estimated that at least 100,000 fraudulent votes had been cast in Chicago. This amounted to 10% of the city's votes. Sixty-three people were convicted. This fraud came to light when a party worker blew the whistle after he didn't get the city job he'd been promised for participating in the fraud.

In 2005, an East St. Louis politician was indicted for plotting to kill a witness in a year-long Illinois federal vote fraud investigation.

A 2016 investigation found that hundreds of dead people had continued to vote in Chicago during the previous decade. This was discovered by merging Board of Election voter histories with Social Security death files. In many cases, families had tried to get their deceased relatives removed from the voter rolls multiple times, but without success.

This sort of voter fraud exists when a state government refuses to perform their due diligence and remove deceased voters from their records.

In July 2018, Illinois began providing automatic voter registrations with driver's license applications and renewals. On December 18, 2019, the Secretary of State's office announced that 574 non-citizens had been registered to vote under this system and that some of them had illegally voted.

In April 2018, the City of Chicago began its CityKey ID program for all residents, regardless of immigration status. The CityKey is a valid form of ID for voter registration. City officials claim that it cannot be used by noncitizens to register to vote. However, as we review the history of voter fraud in Chicago, we do not share their confidence and believe this will be another means of diluting the vote of outstate Illinoisans. The State of Illinois did nothing to address this threat and stand up for its people.

By allowing the proliferation of all types of fraud, the State of Illinois has allowed the voice of the people to be diminished and has deprived its citizens of a republican form of government.

This Concludes These Proceedings